

The Best of Thailand

Itinerary - 10 Nights

Arrival airport: Phuket International Airport (HKT)

Departure airport: Phuket International Airport (HKT)

There are three possibilities for embarkation and disembarkation for this itinerary. Please be sure to confirm your embarkation/disembarkation points when you make your booking.

- Phuket to Tap Lamu

Embarkation: Chalong Pier, Phuket at 19h00

Disembarkation: Tap Lamu Pier, Khao Lak at 10h00

- Tap Lamu to Phuket

Embarkation: Tap Lamu Pier, Khao Lak at 19h00

Disembarkation: Chalong Pier, Phuket at 14h00

Shared transfers between Phuket Airport, Phuket hotels or Khao Lak hotels* and the vessel, on embarkation and disembarkation day, are included in the cruise price.

*A transfer from Khao Lak to/from the vessel is available if respective embarking/disembarking is at Thap Lamu.

Marine & Port Fees

- 115 USD per person

Marine park fees can be paid in advance or on board.

Minimum dive certification and experience:

Diving conditions in the Andaman Sea are generally suitable for all levels of divers. Divers who wish to join this itinerary are advised to have Advanced Open Water certification or equivalent* with a minimum of 10 logged dives and experience with diving in currents.

*Advanced Open Water course can be completed on board

It is a mandatory requirement for all divers to have insurance which covers scuba diving activities equivalent to your diving qualification , including emergency evacuation and recompression chamber costs.

Number of scheduled dives:

For this itinerary, your Cruise Director will schedule up to 33 dives.

This itinerary involves some long distance travel and, whilst we attempt to ensure the number of planned dives is fulfilled, bad weather and sea conditions can affect the boat's ability to reach a specific dive site in good time and may impact on the number of dives that are possible.

Safety and dive briefings are conducted in English. If you, or any of your group, do not speak or understand English, please contact us.

The following is an example of the day-to-day schedules.

A typical diving day is scheduled as follows:

- Light breakfast, followed by briefing & Dive 1
- Full breakfast, relaxation, followed by briefing & Dive 2
- Lunch, relaxation, followed by briefing & Dive 3
- Snack
- Briefing for Dive 4
- Dinner

Thap Lamu - Chalong	Chalong - Thap Lamu
Day 1: Embarkation at 19h00 followed by briefings and dinner.	Day 1: Embarkation at 19h00 followed by briefings and dinner.
Day 2-6: Your Cruise Director will schedule up to 4 dives per day; 3 dives and a sunset or night dive.	Day 2-4: Your Cruise Director will schedule up to 4 dives per day; 3 dives and a sunset or night dive.
Day 7: No diving. Transition to South Andaman and restock.	Day 5: Two morning dives and then transition to the North Andaman.
Day 8-10: Regular diving days	Day 6-9: Regular diving days
Day 11: Two morning dives before heading back to port, for disembarkation at 14:00.	Day 10: 3 dives scheduled before heading back to port.
	Day 11: Following breakfast on board, disembarkation is scheduled for between 09:30 and 10:00

***We kindly request that guests check their flight departure times to ensure that they leave a minimum of 24 hours between their final dive and the departure of their flight. While we wish to show you the very best diving possible, the safety of all on board remains paramount. In the unlikely event we are unable to reach a specified dive site; we always do our best in offering diving at alternative locations.**

The following is a description of the dive sites that we may visit during your liveaboard.

Southern Thailand

Koh Lipe

This beautiful, pristine island near Langkawi Island and the Malaysian border harbours some amazing dive sites such as: **Stonehenge & 8 Mile Rock**.

Stonehenge is a vibrant pinnacle densely covered in soft corals. Look out in the blue for schools of barracudas, trevallies and yellow snappers. Smaller creatures include seahorse, varieties of shrimp, crab, nudibranchs. Find the masters of camouflage: stonefish or scorpionfish. As this site is very exposed, strong currents are common and can be expected. It also means that diving **Stonehenge**, as well as **8 Mile Rock** below, depends on local weather conditions and that it is not always possible.

8 Mile Rock is a world class submerged pinnacle located about 8 miles south of Koh Lipe. Many a large pelagic can be spotted cruising by: devil, manta and eagle rays are among the usual suspects. Other highlights include leopard sharks, giant barracudas and big groupers. When you are really lucky you may even see a whale shark on your dive! The pinnacle reaches up from the ocean floor at about 50m to 15m under the surface. It's a soft coral paradise: purple, blue and red soft tree coral pop up everywhere. A great variety of reef species can be found here in great abundance and size.

Koh Haa

Possibly some of the most underrated diving in the whole of Thailand, Moo Koh Haa (literally 'five island group') sits almost halfway between Hin Daeng and Phi Phi and is part of the Koh Lanta National Marine Park. There are actually several dive sites around Ko Haa but the highlights are **Ko Haa Lagoon**, **Ko Haa Neua**, and **Ko Haa Yai**.

Around these amazing islands you can see pinnacles, walls, boulders, caverns, and swim-throughs. **Ko Haa lagoon** is ideal for night dives, courses, and snorkeling, while **The Chimney** and **The Cathedral** offer things that you cannot see on other Thailand liveaboard itineraries with caverns, swim-throughs and chambers all over the sites. Ko Haa has varied marine life too, with ornate ghost pipefish, morays eels, octopus, hawksbill turtles, sea horses, marble rays, and sometimes even leopard sharks.

Hin Daeng & Hin Muang

These two sites are pinnacles (translating directly as Red Rock and Purple Rock) in the open ocean, reaching down to over 70m, and are best known for manta ray and whale shark encounters. Whether these are sighted or not, the sites also offer giant moray eels, pharaoh cuttlefish, schooling rainbow runners and snappers, barracudas, groupers, fusiliers, and bluefin trevally. On the pinnacles, there are fields of Magnificent Anemones, walls of Hemprics soft corals, and huge gorgonian sea fans. Almost perpetual good visibility and dramatic topography combined with huge fish numbers makes for excellent liveaboard diving.

King Cruiser

The King Cruiser was a car ferry that used to travel between Phi Phi and Phuket. In 1997, 'the cruiser' hit Anemone Reef on her crossing and sank a short distance away. No lives were lost, but divers were left with a great wreck dive! While she is largely broken up now, she is covered in soft corals and hides some wonderful gems, as well as being home to several large schools of snappers. While currents can be strong and visibility sometimes challenging, this is a great site to dive as part of an Advanced Open Water course.

Shark Point and Anemone Reef

These pinnacles are part of the same reef system and are only a very short distance apart from each other. Both sites are covered with colourful soft corals and anemones with a variety of fish to suit all divers. From barracuda to seahorses and for the lucky ones of course, the iconic leopard shark!

Similan Islands

The above water scenery will provide stunningly beautiful white sandy beaches with small forested areas. Dive some of the following sites: **Boulder City, Sharkfin Reef, Anita's Reef, and Three Trees.**

Under the surface, you may see Leopard (zebra) shark, blue spotted stingrays, clown triggerfish, rabbit fish, scorpion fish, snappers, emperor fish, giant trevally and angelfish. The coral gardens, bommies, and boulder formations are wonderful to dive.

Elephant Head Rock, visible from the surface, is the biggest pinnacle in the Similans and has some fantastic swim-throughs. Whitetip reef sharks, batfish, trevally and barracuda can often be seen on the perimeter of the boulders. If you look closely in the cracks and in the rubble you can see smashing mantis shrimp, porcelain crab, moray eels and cleaner shrimp.

There are also sites dominated by huge granite boulders such as **Deep Six, Christmas Point, and North Point** where you can see white tip reef sharks, schooling giant trevally, and schools of neon fusiliers.

Koh Bon

This is generally the most likely place to see manta rays on our Similans itinerary. You are also likely to see Napoleon wrasse, sweetlips, octopus, bluefin trevally, giant moray eels, great barracudas, fire dart goby, spiny lobster, and nudibranchs of many types. The dive sites vary from wall diving to gently sloping reefs and from submerged boulders to coral gardens.

Diving on the **West Ridge** can be an adrenaline-filled drift, with amazing views, while the **North Reef** is a gentler experience over a hard coral garden.

Koh Tachai

This island is famous for its pinnacle dive site, known by many as **Twin Peaks**, as well as more relaxed reef diving on the **North Reef** and **South Reef**. Normally, turtles, barracuda, pipefish, and nudibranchs can be found here. There is also a chance to see bigger species in this area like manta rays and whale sharks, especially from late January until April.

Richelieu Rock

This limestone pinnacle was named after former Danish Naval Officer, Andreas Richelieu, who eventually became the only foreign born commander-in-chief of the Royal Thai Navy to date, appointed by King Chulalongkorn. One of Richelieu's tasks was to modernise the outdated Navy charts, and as he had become such an influential and important figure, this potentially hazardous-to-ships rock that poked out from sea at low tide, east of the Surin Islands, was eventually named after him.

Barely breaking the surface at low tide, this horseshoe-shaped outcropping slopes steeply to a sandy bottom at 18 to 35 meters (60-120 Ft). This site offers great diversity for such a small and isolated spot. It also offers excellent multi-level diving and, because it's a high-profile reef, there are always sheltered areas to hide from the current.

The marine life is prolific and includes amongst, many other things; pharaoh cuttlefish, large octopuses, all 5 varieties of anemone fish of the Andaman Sea, a variety of moray eels, ornate ghost pipefish, smashing mantis shrimps, harlequin shrimps, tigertail seahorses, Spanish mackerel, frogfish, many schooling snappers and occasional sightings of manta rays and whale sharks.

Surin Islands

The topside scenery of Koh Surin, with evergreen forests, mangroves, and small beaches, surpasses even that of the picturesque Similan Islands. Underwater the reefs of Surin offer some of the greatest hard coral diversity in Thailand.

Across sites like **Torinla Pinnacle**, **Hin Kong**, and **Turtle Ledges** you are likely to see Napoleon wrasse, yellow-masked angelfish, bumphead parrotfish, tomato anemonefish and barramundi, as well as lots of turtles that still come ashore in this area to lay their eggs.

Due to the remoteness, not many liveaboard boats visit these islands and you will be able to enjoy the dive sites without sharing them with tourist hordes.

Top Side

Along the route there are some incredible views from the boat including verdant forests, deserted beaches, and limestone karsts climbing up vertically from the ocean. There will be several opportunities to leave the boat and take a walk on the islands.

A walk up the trail to Sail Rock is definitely time well spent! You can even be entertained by marine life while relaxing on board, as dolphins cruising along with the boat are not an unusual sight.

Should you have any questions or queries concerning the dive sites or whether this itinerary is suitable for your experience level, please contact our reservations team via info@thejunk.com who will be pleased to assist and advise you.